

Case Description

Patient history

62-year-old female patient transferred from a peripheral hospital with an aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage. Direct admission to angio suite and acquisition of a native *syngo* DynaCT, followed by an IV injected DynaCT run to assess the progression and the cause of the bleeding.

Diagnosis

Ruptured aneurysm of the bifurcation of the right middle cerebral artery.

Treatment

Surgical clipping.

General comments

The immediate diagnosis, imaging, and treatment of a ruptured aneurysm is very important and prevents rebleeding. Intrahospital time delays can be avoided if a patient from a peripheral hospital with an aneurysmal hemorrhage depicted on NCCT is transferred directly to the angio suite. The

ruptured aneurysm can be reliably depicted on an FDCT angiogram and the DSA can be started without further transfer of the patient. IV syngo DynaCT offers an excellent assessment of the aneurysm and adjusted arteries.

Tips & Tricks:

Use a headholder to avoid movement when the patient is not sedated.

Courtesy of

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Supported by syngo DynaCT

System & SoftwareArtis Q biplane VD11
syngo X Workplace VD10

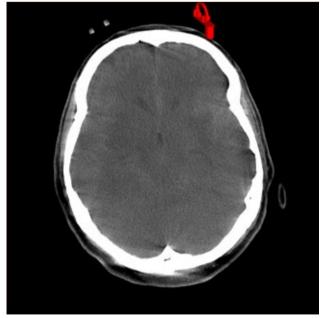


Protocol

Acquisition protocol	10sDCT Head		
Injection protocol			
Catheter position	IV injection		
Contrast medium (CM)	400 mg iodine/mL		
Dilution	No		
Injection volume	60 mL contrast media followed by 60 mL saline chaser		
Injection rate	5.0 mL/s		
Duration of injection	12 s - 12 s		
X-ray delay	bolus tracking with digital subtraction angiography		

Reconstructions	1. Reconstruction	2. Reconstruction
Name	DCT Head Clear	DCT Head Clear
VOI size	Full	Small
Slice matrix	512x512	512x512
Kernel type	HU	HU
Image characteristics	Normal	Normal
Reconstruction mode	Nat Fill	Nat Fill
Viewing preset	DCT Head	DCT Head

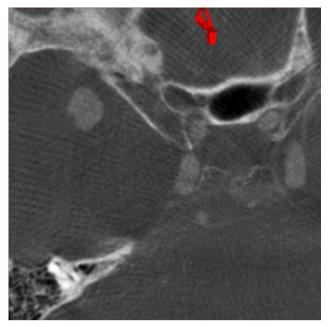
Clinical Images



MPR 3 mm axial slice shows subarachnoid bleeding (minor artifacts due to patient motion of not sedated patient)



MIP 10 mm frontal slice shows aneurysm and surrounding vessel structure (metal artifacts due to dental implants)



MIP 0.3 mm axial slice shows aneurysm in secondary, small VOI reconstruction

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