

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Analytical & Clinical Performance Data (OUS)

Respiratory Testing

June 2020



FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay* Instructions for Use

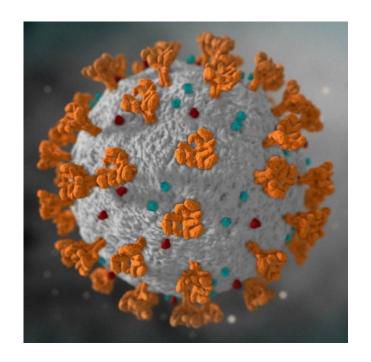


- The *Instructions for Use* provide general and technical information to inform the user of the intended purpose and proper use including contraindications, warnings, or precautions to be taken.
- This presentation is intended to provide an depth review specifically of the analytical and clinical performance of the FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay.
- Users are encourage to please refer to the FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay *Instructions for Use* for full details and information.
- The *Instructions for Use*, provided several languages, is downloaded directly from the <u>FTD website</u>.

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay* Intended Use



- FTD SARS-CoV-2 is a qualitative *in vitro* nucleic acid amplification test for the **detection of severe respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) nucleic acids in nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal swabs** of patients with signs and symptoms of SARS-CoV-2 infection in conjunction with clinical and epidemiological risk factors, who are suspected of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).
- The test is intended as an aid in the diagnosis of infections caused by the new human coronavirus SARS-CoV-2.



FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Analytical Sensitivity (LoD)



- Extracted quantified RNA was diluted in TE* buffer and tested in the real-time PCR FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay (24 replicates / conc. level).
- LoD was determine by Probit analysis (95% detectability).
- No extraction was performed (no extractable standard was available for BSL2 laboratories).

	Human SARS-CoV-2 RNA BetaCoV/Germany/BavPat1/2020 p.1			
	LoD (cop/mL)			
SARS-CoV-2	1155	854-1508		11.55 cop/reaction

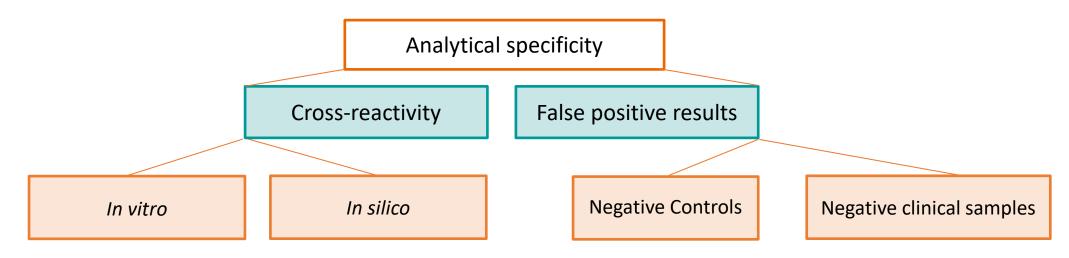
LoD = limit of detection, cop/mL = copies per milliliter, CI = confidence interval

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Analytical Specificity *in vitro* and *in silico A*nalyses Overview



The analytical specificity of a PCR multiplex assay is the ability of a measurement to measure solely the target SARS-CoV-2.

- Cross-reactivity: The ability of the test to specifically detect the intended pathogens but no other organism
 in biological samples.
- False positive results: The assurance that the test will not report false positive results when testing negative samples/material (with human DNA/RNA background).



FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Cross-reactivity *in vitro* Study



- The FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay was tested *in vitro* for potential cross-reaction with **26 common human** flora organisms and pathogenic organisms causing respiratory infections.
- Cross-reactivity testing was performed in triplicate using several pools of contrived samples spiked with commercial pathogen sources or extracted pathogen DNA/RNA.
- Pools were extracted with bioMérieux easyMAG and tested on the ABI7500 thermal cycler.

List of pathogens tested for cross-reactivity purpose*				
SARS-CoV-1 Coronavirus	Influenza A			
MERS-Coronavirus	Influenza B			
Human coronavirus 229E	Respiratory syncytial virus A			
Human coronavirus HKU1	Respiratory syncytial virus B			
Human coronavirus OC43	Adenovirus 71			
Human coronavirus NL63	Enterovirus			
Parainfluenza virus 1	Chlamydophila pneumoniae			
Parainfluenza virus 2	Haemophilus influenzae			
Parainfluenza virus 3	Legionella pneumophila			
Parainfluenza virus 4	Bordetella pertussis			
Human metapneumovirus A	Mycoplasma pneumoniae			
Human metapneumovirus B	Streptococcus pneumonia			
Rhinovirus	Mycobacterium tuberculosis			

No cross-reactivity observed

^{*} Highlighted in orange: All pathogens, including 4 related coronaviruses, that are part in FTD Respiratory pathogens 21 kit Highlighted in teal: Other related coronaviruses

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Cross-reactivity *in silico A*nalysis



- in silico analyses applying BLAST (basic local alignment search tool).
- Search regions of similarity for all primers and probes in the NCBI Nucleotide collection database.
- Exclude sequences belonging to SARS-CoV-2.
- Sequence similarity ≥ 90% per primer or probe was used as criterion for potential cross-reactivity.
- Maximum of 4 mismatches allowed between primer/probe and target sequence.

No cross-reactivity observed

for the organisms of the normal human flora and any other pathogenic organisms causing infections of the human respiratory tract.

Pathogen	Potential cross-reactivity	Sequence homology to SARS-CoV-2 (NC_045512)	
SARS COV 2	Bat coronavirus isolate RaTG13 (MN996532.1)	96.1%	
SARS-CoV-2	Pangolin coronavirus isolate MP789 (MT084071.1)	78.7%	

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Specificity With Negative Samples



The FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay was tested on extracted negative controls and negative clinical samples as well as non-template controls.

Pathogen	Negative control tested	Total reactions	Positive results	Analytical specificity %	Confidence interval %
	Negative clinical sample	50	0	100	92.89-100.00
SARS-CoV-2	Negative Control	35	0	100	90.00-100.00
	Non-Template Control	34	0	100	89.72-100.00
	Total	119	0	100	96.95-100.00

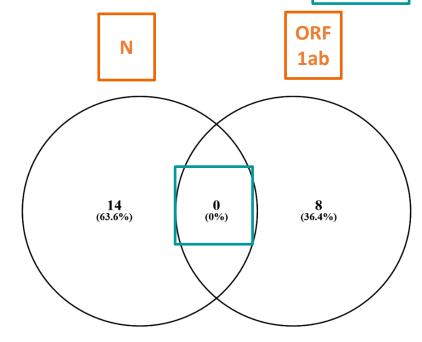
100% Analytical Specificity

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Inclusivity (Analytical Reactivity) - *In silico A*nalysis



- *In silico* analysis on 1048 full-length SARS-CoV-2 sequences downloaded from NCBI and GISAID database (ending up with **901 valid sequences**).
- Primers and probes were mapped to the sequences to check for potential matches producing amplicons (tolerance 4 mismatches).
 - 100% detection rate for SARS-CoV-2 N gene assay: 887 sequences no mismatch, 14 sequences 1 mismatch.
 - 100% detection rate for SARS-CoV-2 ORF1ab assay: 893 sequences no mismatch, 8 sequences 1 mismatch.
 - No overlap between the sequences showing mismatch within the N gene and ORF1ab assay.
 - → Due to a dual-target approach, at least one of both assays binds without any mismatch to the above mentioned 22 sequences.

Assays	Database	complete genomes tested	complete genomes detected	% detection rate
SARS-CoV-2	GeneBank	96	96	100
(N gene)	GISAID	805	805	100
SARS-CoV-2	GeneBank	96	96	100
(ORF1ab)	GISAID	805	805	100



FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Precision



FTD SARS-CoV-2 precision was assessed by <u>repeatability</u> and <u>reproducibility</u> studies with test material at a concentration of 5 x LoD and close to LoD.

- Repeatability evaluates measurements carried out under the same conditions (intra-assay variation).
- Reproducibility evaluates results of measurements under changed conditions (inter-assay variation*).

Concentration	n	Repeatability SD	Reproducibility SD	Repeatability CV (%)	Reproducibility CV (%)
5x LoD	24	0.43 (0.33-0.61)	0.49 (0.34-0.85)	1.2 (0.93-1.7)	1.35 (0.94-2.35)
close to LoD	23	0.8 (0.61-1.15)	0.95 (0.64-1.79)	2.1 (1.61-3.03)	2.49 (1.69-4.71)

^{*}E.g. Variation of time, operator and cycler CV = coefficient of variation

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Interference Study



An interference study was conducted to evaluate the susceptibility of FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay to provide wrong results in presence of potential interfering substances in the clinical sample.

- Artificial matrix spiked with interfering substance.
- Extraction in triplicates (easyMAG).
- Eluate spiked with SARS-CoV-2 RNA at 3x LoD concentration.
- RT-PCR with one lot of FTD SARS-CoV-2.

Substance	Tested concentration		
Whole blood	10% (v/v)		
Mucin (bovine)	60 μg/mL		
Salbutamol	1.7 μmol/L		
Nasal spray (Xylo.)	10% (v/v)		
Nasal spray (Salts)	10% (v/v)		
Guaifenesin	15.2 mmol/L		
Acetylcystein	920 μmol/L		
Nicotine	6.2 μmol/L		
Benzocaine	0.63 mg/mL		
Oseltamivir	1.5 mg/mL		

v/v = volume to volume, $\mu g/mL$ = micrograms per milliliter, $\mu mol/L$ = micromoles per liter, mmol/L = millimoles per liter, mg/mL = milligrams per milliliter, Xylo = Xylometazoline

No interference observed

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay



Clinical performance: FTD SARS-CoV-2 vs. Seegene Allplex 2019-nCoV Assay

Comparison with 43 Seegene positive and 58 negative clinical samples.*

15 nasopharyngeal and 86 oropharyngeal swabs.*

		Diagnostic Sensitivity		95%	Diagnostic Specificity		95%
Pathogen	Sample type	Percentage	Total number	Confidence Interval	Percentage	Total number	Confidence Interval
	NPS	100%	12/12	73.5-100	100%	3/3	29.2-100
SARS-CoV-2	OPS	100%	31/31	88.8-100	100%	55/55	93.5-100
	Overall	100%	43/43	91.8-100	100%	58/58	93.8-100

^{*} Clinical samples were extracted with bioMérieux easyMAG for both assays.

FTD SARS-CoV-2 Assay Summary of Performance Characteristics



Characteristics	Results
Limit of detection	11.55 copies/reaction (w/o extraction)
Cross reactivity	No <i>in vitro</i> cross reactivity with 26 common human flora organisms and the pathogenic organisms causing respiratory infections including 6 coronaviruses No <i>in silico</i> cross-reactivity to NCBI Nucleotide collection database
Analytical specificity	100% using 50 negative clinical samples, 35 negative controls and 34 non-template controls
Inclusivity	In silico analysis showed 100% detection rate on 901 full length sequences from NCBI and GISAID databases
Precision	Repeatability and reproducibility CV < 5%
Interference	No interference with 10 potential interfering substances in clinical samples
Clinical performance	100% diagnostic sensitivity and 100% diagnostic specificity against Seegene Allplex 2019-nCoV Assay

Thank you



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Siemens Healthineers

Department Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics Inc.

1234 Street

54321 Anytown, Country

Phone: +XX XXX XXX-X

siemens-healthineers.com

First Last name

Phone: + XXX XXX-X

first.last@siemens-healthineers.com

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